P.L. 2019, CHAPTER 165, approved July 16, 2019 Senate, No. 3897 (First Reprint)

AN ACT concerning purchase and possession of certain weapons and ammunition and amending various parts of statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 6 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:39-7) is amended to read as follows:
 - 6. Certain Persons Not to Have Weapons or Ammunition.
- 10 a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, any 11 person, having been convicted in this State or elsewhere of the 12 crime, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit the crime, of aggravated assault, arson, burglary, escape, extortion, homicide, 13 14 kidnapping, robbery, aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault, bias 15 intimidation in violation of N.J.S.2C:16-1, carjacking in violation of 16 section 1 of P.L.1993, c.221 (C.2C:15-2), gang criminality in violation of section 1 of P.L.2007, c.341 (C.2C:33-29), racketeering 17 in violation of N.J.S.2C:41-2, terroristic threats in violation of 18 19 N.J.S.2C:12-3, unlawful possession of a machine gun in violation of 20 subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, unlawful possession of a handgun in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, 21 22 unlawful possession of an assault firearm in violation of subsection 23 f. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, leader of firearms trafficking network in violation of section 1 of P.L.1995, c.405 (C.2C:39-16), or 24 25 endangering the welfare of a child pursuant to N.J.S.2C:24-4, whether or not armed with or having in [his] the person's 26 27 possession any weapon enumerated in subsection r. of N.J.S.2C:39-28 1, or any person convicted of a crime, or an attempt or conspiracy 29 to commit a crime, pursuant to the provisions of N.J.S.2C:39-3, 30 N.J.S.2C:39-4 or N.J.S.2C:39-9, or any person who has ever been 31 committed for a mental disorder to any hospital, mental institution 32 or sanitarium unless [he] the person possesses a certificate of a 33 medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed to practice in New Jersey or 34 other satisfactory proof that [he] the person is no longer suffering 35 from a mental disorder which interferes with or handicaps [him] 36 the person in the handling of a firearm, or any person who has been 37 convicted of **[**other than a disorderly persons or petty disorderly 38 persons offense an offense, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit 39 an offense, for the unlawful use, possession or sale of a controlled 40 dangerous substance as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2, other than a 41 disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons offense, who

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

 ${\bf Matter\ enclosed\ in\ superscript\ numerals\ has\ been\ adopted\ as\ follows:}$

¹Assembly floor amendments adopted June 20, 2019.

purchases, owns, possesses or controls any of the [said] specified weapons or any ammunition as defined in section 2 of P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-21) is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- 4 b. (1) A person having been convicted in this State or 5 elsewhere of the crime, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit the 6 crime, of aggravated assault, arson, burglary, escape, extortion, 7 homicide, kidnapping, robbery, aggravated sexual assault, sexual 8 assault, bias intimidation in violation of N.J.S.2C:16-1, carjacking 9 in violation of section 1 of P.L.1993, c.221 (C.2C:15-2), gang 10 criminality in violation of section 1 of P.L.2007, c.341 (C.2C:33-11 29), racketeering in violation of N.J.S.2C:41-2, terroristic threats in 12 violation of N.J.S.2C:12-3, unlawful possession of a machine gun in 13 violation of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, unlawful possession of 14 a handgun in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, unlawful possession of an assault firearm in 15 violation of subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, ¹leader of firearms 16 17 trafficking network in violation of section 1 of P.L.1995, c.405 (C.2C:39-16), endangering the welfare of a child pursuant to 18 19 N.J.S.2C:24-4, stalking pursuant to P.L.1992, c.209 (C.2C:12-10) 20 or a crime, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a crime, 21 involving domestic violence as defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, 22 c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or not armed with or having in [his] 23 the person's possession a weapon enumerated in subsection r. of 24 N.J.S.2C:39-1, or a person having been convicted of a crime, or an 25 attempt or conspiracy to commit a crime, pursuant to the provisions 26 of N.J.S.2C:35-3 through N.J.S.2C:35-6, inclusive; section 1 of 27 P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7); N.J.S.2C:35-11; N.J.S.2C:39-3; 28 N.J.S.2C:39-4; or N.J.S.2C:39-9 who purchases, owns, possesses or 29 controls a firearm is guilty of a crime of the second degree and 30 upon conviction thereof, the person shall be sentenced to a term of 31 imprisonment by the court. The term of imprisonment shall include 32 the imposition of a minimum term, which shall be fixed at five 33 years, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole. If 34 the defendant is sentenced to an extended term of imprisonment 35 pursuant to N.J.S.2C:43-7, the extended term of imprisonment shall 36 include the imposition of a minimum term, which shall be fixed at, 37 or between, one-third and one-half of the sentence imposed by the 38 court or five years, whichever is greater, during which the 39 defendant shall be ineligible for parole.
 - (2) A person having been convicted in this State or elsewhere of a disorderly persons offense involving domestic violence, whether or not armed with or having in [his] the person's possession a weapon enumerated in subsection r. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, who purchases, owns, possesses or controls a firearm or ammunition is guilty of a crime of the third degree.

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(3) A person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et

- 1 seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned, or who is subject to 2 a court order prohibiting the possession of firearms issued pursuant 3 to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, 4 c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) who purchases, owns, possesses or 5 controls a firearm or ammunition is guilty of a crime of the third degree, except that the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply 6 7 to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty, or to any 8 member of the Armed Forces of the United States or member of the 9 National Guard while actually on duty or traveling to or from an 10 authorized place of duty.
 - (4) A person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.) who purchases, acquires, owns, possesses, or controls a firearm or ammunition is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
 - Whenever any person shall have been convicted in another state, territory, commonwealth or other jurisdiction of the United States, or any country in the world, in a court of competent jurisdiction, of a crime, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a crime, which in [said] the other jurisdiction or country is comparable to one of the crimes enumerated in subsection a. or b. of this section, then that person shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

(cf: P.L.2018, c.34, s.13)

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- 2. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.
- a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession 36 any firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
 - d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth
 - e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 47 Dum-dum or armor piercing ammunition. (1) Any person, 48 other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in

activities pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives, who knowingly has in his possession any armor piercing ammunition, as defined in subsection gg. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a different head stamp, composition, design, or color.

- g. Exceptions. (1) (a) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to or from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders.
- (b) Nothing in subsection j. of this section shall apply to a law enforcement officer who possesses and carries while off-duty a large capacity ammunition magazine capable of holding not more than 17 rounds of ammunition that can be fed continuously and directly into a semi-automatic firearm.
- (c) Notwithstanding subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, subsection j. of this section shall not apply to a law enforcement officer who possesses and carries while off-duty a large capacity ammunition magazine capable of holding more than 17 rounds of ammunition that can be fed continuously and directly into a semi-automatic firearm provided the large capacity ammunition magazine is used with a service firearm issued to the officer by the officer's employer for use in the officer's official duties.
- (d) Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited weapon or device.
- (2) (a) Nothing in <u>paragraph (1) of subsection f. [(1)] of this section</u> shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place

- of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor shall <u>paragraph (1)</u> of subsection f. **[**(1)**]** of this section be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale and quantity of ammunition sold.
- (b) Nothing in paragraph (1) of subsection f. [(1)] of this section shall be construed to prevent a designated employee or designated licensed agent for a nuclear power plant under the license of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission from possessing hollow nose ammunition while in the actual performance of his official duties, if the federal licensee certifies that the designated employee or designated licensed agent is assigned to perform site protection, guard, armed response or armed escort duties and is appropriately trained and qualified, as prescribed by federal regulation, to perform those duties.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. of this section shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency, together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
- (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-6.
- (5) Nothing in subsection c. of this section shall be construed to apply to any person who is specifically identified in a special deer management permit issued by the Division of Fish and Wildlife to utilize a firearm silencer as part of an alternative deer control method implemented in accordance with a special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2000, c.46 (C.23:4-42.6), while the person is in the actual performance of the permitted alternative deer control method and while going to and from the place where the permitted alternative deer control method is being utilized. This exception shall not, however, otherwise apply to any person to authorize the purchase or possession of a firearm silencer.
- h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any stun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.

- j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless the person has registered: (1) an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United States Department of the Army; or
- (2) a firearm with a fixed magazine capacity or detachable magazine capable of holding up to 15 rounds pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2018, c.39 (C.2C:39-20).
- k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation of the law.
- 1. Bump stock or trigger crank. Any person who knowingly possesses a bump stock as defined in subsection ee. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 or a trigger crank as defined in subsection ff. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, regardless of whether the person is in possession of a firearm, is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- m. Covert or undetectable firearms. Any person who knowingly possesses any covert firearm as defined in subsection hh. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, an undetectable firearm as defined in subsection ii. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, or a firearm enclosed in a container or covering that is designed or modified to allow the firearm to be fired while so enclosed and that disguises or obscures the shape of the firearm such that it does not resemble a handgun, rifle, shotgun, or machine gun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other provision of law, a conviction arising out of this subsection shall not merge with a conviction for possessing an assault firearm in violation of subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 or a machine gun in violation of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 and a separate sentence shall be imposed upon each conviction. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:44-5 or any other provisions of law, the sentence imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be served consecutively to that imposed for unlawfully possessing an assault firearm in violation of subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-5.
- n. Firearms without a serial number. Any person who
 knowingly possesses a firearm manufactured or otherwise
 assembled using a firearm frame or firearm receiver as defined in

- 1 <u>subsection k. of N.J.S.2C:39-9 which is not imprinted with a serial</u>
- 2 <u>number registered with a federally licensed manufacturer including,</u>
- 3 <u>but not limited to, a firearm manufactured or otherwise assembled</u>
- 4 from parts purchased or otherwise obtained in violation of
- 5 subsection k. of N.J.S.2C:39-9, is guilty of a crime of the third
- 6 <u>degree.</u>
- 7 (cf: P.L.2018, c.161, s.1)

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- 3. N.J.S.2C:39-9 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-9. Manufacture, Transport, Disposition and Defacement of Weapons and Dangerous Instruments and Appliances.
- a. Machine guns. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any machine gun without being registered or licensed to do so as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- c. Firearm silencers. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 23 d. Weapons. Any person who manufactures, causes to be 24 manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any weapon, 25 including gravity knives, switchblade knives, ballistic knives, 26 daggers, dirks, stilettos, billies, blackjacks, metal knuckles, 27 sandclubs, slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with 28 metal filings, or, except as otherwise provided in subsection i. of 29 this section, in the case of firearms if he is not licensed or registered 30 to do so as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 31 Statutes, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. Any person who 32 manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or 33 disposes of any weapon or other device which projects, releases or 34 emits tear gas or other substances intended to produce temporary 35 physical discomfort or permanent injury through being vaporized or 36 otherwise dispensed in the air, which is intended to be used for any 37 purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement 38 purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement personnel 39 or the device is for the purpose of personal self-defense, is pocket-40 sized and contains not more than three-quarters of an ounce of 41 chemical substance not ordinarily capable of lethal use or of 42 inflicting serious bodily injury, or other than to be used by any 43 person permitted to possess such weapon or device under the 44 provisions of subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, which is intended for 45 use by financial and other business institutions as part of an 46 integrated security system, placed at fixed locations, for the 47 protection of money and property, by the duly authorized personnel 48 of those institutions, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

e. Defaced firearms. Any person who defaces any firearm is guilty of a crime of the third degree. Any person who knowingly buys, receives, disposes of or conceals a defaced firearm, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- f. (1) Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sell, or disposes of any armor piercing ammunition, as defined in subsection gg. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, which is intended to be used for any purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement personnel, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- (2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a licensed collector of ammunition as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 from transporting the bullets defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection from (a) any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer's place of business to the collector's dwelling, premises, or other land owned or possessed by him, or (b) to or from the collector's dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him to any gun show for the purposes of display, sale, trade, or transfer between collectors, or (c) to or from the collector's dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him to any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice; provided that the club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent of the State Police and annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent, and provided further that the ammunition being transported shall be carried not loaded in any firearm and contained in a closed and fastened case, gun box, or locked in the trunk of the automobile in which it is being transported, and the course of travel shall include only such deviations as are reasonably necessary under the circumstances.
- g. Assault firearms. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of an assault firearm without being registered or licensed to do so pursuant to N.J.S.2C:58-1 et seq. is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- h. Large capacity ammunition magazines. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of a large capacity ammunition magazine which is intended to be used for any purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement personnel is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- i. Transporting firearms into this State for an unlawful sale or transfer. Any person who knowingly transports, ships or otherwise brings into this State any firearm for the purpose of unlawfully selling, transferring, giving, assigning or otherwise disposing of that firearm to another individual is guilty of a crime of the second degree. Any motor vehicle used by a person to transport, ship, or

- 1 otherwise bring a firearm into this State for unlawful sale or transfer
- 2 shall be subject to forfeiture in accordance with the provisions of
- 3 N.J.S.2C:64-1 et seq.; provided however, this forfeiture provision
- 4 shall not apply to innocent owners, nor shall it affect the rights of a
- 5 holder of a valid lien.

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- The temporary transfer of a firearm shall not constitute a violation of this subsection if that firearm is transferred:
- (1) while hunting or target shooting in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1);
- (2) for shooting competitions sponsored by a licensed dealer, law enforcement agency, legally recognized military organization, or a rifle or pistol club which has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1); or
- (3) for participation in a training course conducted by a certified instructor in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
- The transfer of any firearm that uses air or carbon dioxide to expel a projectile; or the transfer of an antique firearm shall not constitute a violation of this subsection.
- j. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells, or disposes of a bump stock as defined in subsection ee. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 or a trigger crank as defined in subsection ff. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- k. Purchasing firearm parts to manufacture a firearm without a serial number. In addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, a person who, with the purpose to manufacture or otherwise assemble a firearm and without being registered or licensed do so as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, purchases or otherwise obtains separately or as part of a kit a firearm frame or firearm receiver which is not imprinted with a serial number registered with a federally licensed manufacturer or any combination of parts from which a firearm without a serial number may be readily manufactured or otherwise assembled, but which does not have the capacity to function as a firearm unless manufactured or otherwise assembled is guilty of a crime of the third degree. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other law, a conviction under this subsection shall not merge with a conviction for any other criminal offense and the court shall impose separate sentences upon a violation of this subsection and any other criminal offense.
- As used in this subsection, "firearm frame or firearm receiver" means the part of a firearm that provides housing for the firearm's internal components, such as the hammer, bolt or breechblock, action, and firing mechanism, and includes without limitation any object or part which is not a firearm frame or receiver in finished form but is designed or intended to be used for that purpose and

which may readily be made into a firearm frame or receiver through milling or other means.

- 1. Manufacturing or facilitating the manufacture of a firearm using a three-dimensional printer. In addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law it is a third degree crime for:
- (1) a person who is not registered or licensed to do so as a manufacturer as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, to use a three-dimensional printer or similar device to manufacture or produce a firearm, firearm receiver, magazine, or firearm component; or
- (2) a person to distribute by any means, including the Internet, to a person in New Jersey who is not registered or licensed as a manufacturer as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, digital instructions in the form of computer-aided design files or other code or instructions stored and displayed in electronic format as a digital model that may be used to program a three-dimensional printer to manufacture or produce a firearm, firearm receiver, magazine, or firearm component.

As used in this subsection: "three-dimensional printer" means a computer or computer-driven machine or device capable of producing a three-dimensional object from a digital model; and "distribute" means to sell, or to manufacture, give, provide, lend, trade, mail, deliver, publish, circulate, disseminate, present, exhibit, display, share, advertise, offer, or make available via the Internet or by any other means, whether for pecuniary gain or not, and includes an agreement or attempt to distribute.

- m. Covert or undetectable firearms. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any covert firearm as defined in subsection hh. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 or any undetectable firearm as defined in subsection ii. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- n. Transporting a manufactured firearm without a serial number. In addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, a person who transports, ships, sells, or disposes of a firearm manufactured or otherwise assembled using a firearm frame or firearm receiver as defined in subsection k. of this section which is not imprinted with a serial number registered with a federally licensed manufacturer, including but not limited to a firearm manufactured or otherwise assembled from parts purchased or otherwise obtained in violation of subsection k. of this section, is guilty of a crime of the third degree.

42 (cf: P.L.2018, c.138, s.3)

44 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

S3897 [1R] 11

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3	Criminalizes purchase, transfer, or possession of certain weapons
4	and ammunition by persons convicted of certain crimes; establishes
5	crime of transferring or possessing firearm without serial number.

P.L. 2019, CHAPTER 164, approved July 16, 2019 Senate, No. 101 (First Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning personalized handguns and revising various parts of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. (New section) a. There is established in the Department of Law and Public Safety, a commission which shall be known as the Personalized Handgun Authorization Commission. The commission shall be responsible for establishing performance standards for personalized handguns and maintaining a roster of personalized handguns authorized for sale to the public pursuant to this act.
 - b. The commission shall consist of seven members as follows:
- (1) as ex-officio members, the Attorney General or a designee; the Superintendent of State Police or a designee; the Commissioner of Health or a designee;
 - (2) as public members appointed by the Governor:
 - (a) one member of the American Academy of Pediatrics;
- (b) one member who shall be a resident of this State who is a licensed firearms wholesaler, manufacturer, or retail dealer as defined in N.J.S.2C:39-1, or a resident of this State who is a representative of a New Jersey chapter of an organization that advocates for Second Amendment rights;
- (c) one member who shall be a representative of an organization that advocates against handgun violence; and
- (d) one member ¹ [who shall be an engineer] ¹ with substantial experience in radio frequency identification or biometric reading technology.
- c. All appointments to the commission shall be made within six months of the effective date of this act. The chair of the commission shall be selected from among its members by the Governor. Members of the commission shall serve a term of four years from the date of their appointment and until their successors are appointed. Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

¹Assembly floor amendments adopted June 20, 2019.

- d. Members of the commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the commission, and within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the commission for its purpose.
 - e. The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State, county, or municipal department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for its purposes.
- f. During the first year following the establishment of the commission, it shall meet monthly in order to comply with the provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); thereafter, the commission shall meet once every six months or at the call of the chairman of the commission or the majority of its members.

- 2. (New section) a. ¹As used in this act, "authorized user" means the lawful owner of a personalized handgun or person to whom the owner has given consent to use the personalized handgun.
- <u>b.</u>¹ The Personalized Handgun Authorization Commission shall maintain a roster of all personalized handguns approved ¹ [for retail sales to the public] by the commission as meeting the personalized handgun performance standards and qualifying criteria established pursuant to this section¹. The roster of approved personalized handguns shall be published on a website maintained by the New Jersey State Police and shall be updated ¹ [every six months] as necessary¹. A copy of the roster shall be made available every six months to registered and licensed firearms dealers in this State.
- ¹[b.] <u>c.</u> ¹ Within one year of organizing, the commission shall develop personalized handgun performance standards ¹ <u>and qualifying criteria</u> ¹ which a personalized handgun shall meet in order to be placed on the personalized handgun roster.
- 33 The personalized handgun performance standards ¹and 34 <u>qualifying criteria</u> shall include, but not be limited to, the 35 following:
 - (1) the handgun shall be reasonably resistant to being fired by anyone other than the handgun's authorized user as defined in N.J.S.2C:39-1;
- 39 (2) the personalized technology shall be incorporated into the 40 design of the personalized handgun and shall be a permanent, 41 irremovable part of the handgun and any device or object necessary 42 for the authorized user to fire the handgun;
 - (3) the personalized handgun shall not be manufactured so as to permit the personalized characteristics of the handgun to be readily deactivated; and

(4) the personalized handgun shall meet any other reliability standards generally used in the industry for other commercially available handguns.

¹[c.] d. ¹ The commission shall recommend to the Attorney General any rule, regulation, guideline or revision thereto, or legislation which it deems necessary to establish a process by which handgun manufactures may request that their handguns be added to the roster established pursuant to this section.

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- ¹[The commission shall identify and 3. (New section) a. approve a list of independent laboratories which shall be used to determine] A manufacturer or other entity seeking to include a handgun on the approved personalized handgun roster established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) may apply to the commission for a determination of 1 whether ¹[handguns comply with] the make and model of a handgun proposed by the applicant would meet 1 the personalized handgun performance standards established pursuant to section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). ¹[At least one independent laboratory shall be identified and included on the list of approved laboratories within one year of the commission's organization. An approved The commission's determination shall be based upon testing conducted by an independent laboratory proposed by the applicant which has been accredited for the testing of firearms by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program or other national certifying body approved by the commission or, if the applicant does not propose an independent laboratory or if one is not approved or available, by the <u>Division of State Police.</u>
- b. The commission shall approve an independent laboratory laboratory laboratory laboratory laboratory by an applicant to perform the determination pursuant to subsection a. of this section if the commission is clearly convinced that the laboratory is capable of performing the determination and will be sufficiently objective making the determination, provided that the laboratory shall not be owned or operated by a handgun manufacturer or any other organization that seeks to promote or restrict handgun ownership.
- ¹[b. An independent laboratory may apply to the commission for inclusion on the list of approved laboratories.]¹ The application ¹for approval of an independent laboratory to perform the determination pursuant to subsection a. of this section¹ shall be in a form prescribed by the Attorney General, in consultation with the commission, and shall provide information regarding the laboratory's capabilities and objectivity. ¹[Once approved]
- 45 <u>c. If the commission approves the application</u>¹, the laboratory 46 shall utilize testing methods formulated by the commission to

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- determine whether a handgun ¹ [is in compliance with] meets the ¹
- 2 personalized handgun performance standards ¹and qualifying
- 3 criteria¹

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- 4 established pursuant to section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
- 5 before the Legislature as this bill).
- ¹[c. An] The independent laboratory or Division of State
 Police, as the case may be, shall test a handgun within a reasonable
 amount of time following la request made approval of the
 application by the commission. The test shall be conducted:
 - (1) in accordance with the testing requirements formulated by the commission; and
 - (2) at the expense of the manufacturer or other entity seeking to include the handgun on the approved personalized handgun roster established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - The independent laboratory ¹or Division of State Police, as the case may be, ¹ shall issue a final test report to the commission at the conclusion of the test. The report shall state whether the handgun meets the ¹performance standards and qualifying ¹ criteria established by the commission.
 - d. The commission shall review the final test report and based on the report's findings shall issue, within 45 days of receiving the report, a final decision by majority vote as to whether the handgun should be included on the roster.
 - Upon making a final determination pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the commission shall notify, in writing, the ¹[manufacturer] applicant ¹ as to whether the handgun has been approved or denied for inclusion on the roster. A notification informing the ¹[manufacturer] applicant ¹ that a firearm has been denied shall be provided along with a written description of the reasons for which a handgun failed to 'satisfy' meet the ¹performance standards and qualifying ¹ criteria established by the commission as documented in the independent laboratory's report. ¹[Once notified that] Any alteration to the design of ¹ a make and model of handgun 1that 1 has been approved for addition on the roster ¹[, a manufacturer, seller, or possessor shall not alter the design of the handgun in a manner that it no longer meets] shall require a determination that the handgun continues to meet 1 the performance ¹[standard] <u>standards and qualifying criteria</u>¹ established by the commission ¹in accordance with the requirements of this section in order to include the altered design model of the handgun on the roster¹.

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4. (New section) a. Within 60 days of the first personalized handgun being included on the roster established pursuant to section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this

- bill), each licensed firearms retail dealer shall ¹[have on the retail premises]¹:
- 3 (1) ¹make available for purchase ¹ at least one personalized 4 handgun approved by the commission and listed on the roster as 5 eligible for sale;
- 6 (2) ¹ [an original exemption certificate issued pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); or
 - (3) a notorized copy of a pending application for an exemption certificate **]** post in one or more locations in the dealer's place or places of business in a conspicuous manner that makes them easily visible and accessible to customers:
 - (a) copies of the personalized handgun roster; and

- (b) a sign that includes a clear and conspicuous statement disclosing the features of personalized handguns that are not offered by traditional handguns and advising customers that such firearms may be purchased through the licensed retail dealer; and
- (3) accept and process orders to enable customers to purchase through the licensed retail dealer any of the personalized handguns included on the roster¹.
- b. A personalized handgun offered for sale by a licensed retail dealer ¹pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection a. of this section ¹ shall be displayed in a conspicuous manner that makes it easily visible to customers and distinguishable from other traditional handguns. A licensed retail dealer shall post a sign ¹pursuant to subparagraph (b) of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section ¹ in close proximity to each personalized handgun ¹ [that includes a clear and conspicuous statement disclosing the unique features of the personalized handgun that are not offered by traditional handguns] ¹.
- c. In the event that a licensed retail dealer's inventory of personalized handguns is depleted and there are no personalized handguns available for purchase on the premises, the licensed retail dealer shall:
- (1) place an order for at least one personalized handgun within 21 days of the sale of the last personalized handgun;
- (2) maintain written records of the retail dealer's efforts to place an order and maintain those records on the premises and allow them to be open for inspection at all times; and
- (3) ¹ [maintain] post ¹ a sign on the premises indicating that personalized handguns are routinely sold on the retail dealer's premises and will soon be available for purchase.
- d. A licensed firearms retail dealer shall not make any claim that a handgun has been approved by the commission as meeting the performance standards ¹or qualifying criteria ¹ for personalized handguns if that handgun is not included on the roster established

pursuant to section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

e. The Superintendent of State Police shall designate officers to inspect the personalized handgun inventory and records of all licensed firearms retailers. The inspections shall be conducted at least once every two years at any time during the normal business hours of the firearm retailer's business.

- ¹[5. (New section) a. Upon application by a licensed retail dealer demonstrating that offering a personalized handgun for sale State Police may issue a certificate exempting the licensed retail dealer from the requirement to offer a personalized handgun for sale established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). In determining whether an exemption shall be granted, the superintendent may consider factors including, but not limited to, the retail dealer's inventory size and annual sales revenue or income generated from customer purchases.
- b. A firearm retail dealer who can demonstrate that its firearm inventory consists solely of firearms other than handguns shall automatically be granted an exemption pursuant to this section.
- c. A firearm retail dealer shall maintain an original copy of the exemption certificate issued pursuant to section 5 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) on the retail premises at all times.]1

- ¹[6.] <u>5.</u> (New section) a. A licensed retail dealer who ¹[has not been issued an exemption certificate pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and I violates section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - (1) for a first offense, a fine of up to \$500;
 - (2) for a second offense, a fine of up to \$1,000;
- (3) for a third or subsequent offense, a six month license suspension following notice to the licensed retail dealer and opportunity to be heard.
- b. Any person who ¹[violates the provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) by tampering or attempting], without license or privilege to do so, tampers or attempts ¹ to tamper with a personalized handgun by intentionally interfering with the user-authorized functionality of the personalized technology shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

- ¹[7. N.J.S.2C:39-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 46 2C:39-1. Definitions. The following definitions apply to this chapter and to chapter 58:

a. "Antique firearm" means any rifle or shotgun and "antique cannon" means a destructive device defined in paragraph (3) of subsection c. of this section, if the rifle, shotgun or destructive device, as the case may be, is incapable of being fired or discharged, or which does not fire fixed ammunition, regardless of date of manufacture, or was manufactured before 1898 for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available, and is possessed as a curiosity or ornament or for its historical significance or value.

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- b. "Deface" means to remove, deface, cover, alter or destroy the name of the maker, model designation, manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing identification mark or number on any firearm.
- c. "Destructive device" means any device, instrument or object designed to explode or produce uncontrolled combustion, including (1) any explosive or incendiary bomb, mine or grenade; (2) any rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces or any missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter of an ounce; (3) any weapon capable of firing a projectile of a caliber greater than 60 caliber, except a shotgun or shotgun ammunition generally recognized as suitable for sporting purposes; (4) any Molotov cocktail or other device consisting of a breakable container containing flammable liquid and having a wick or similar device capable of being ignited. The term does not include any device manufactured for the purpose of illumination, distress signaling, line-throwing, safety or similar purposes.
 - d. "Dispose of" means to give, give away, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, or otherwise transfer possession.
- e. "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture that is commonly used or is possessed for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustible materials or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion or by detonation of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects. The term shall not include small arms ammunition, or explosives in the form prescribed by the official United States Pharmacopoeia.
- f. "Firearm" means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon from which may be fired or ejected any solid projectable ball, slug, pellet, missile or bullet, or any gas, vapor or other noxious thing, by means of a cartridge or shell or by the action of an explosive or the igniting of flammable or explosive substances. It shall also include, without limitation, any firearm which is in the nature of an air gun, spring gun or pistol or other

weapon of a similar nature in which the propelling force is a spring, elastic band, carbon dioxide, compressed or other gas or vapor, air or compressed air, or is ignited by compressed air, and ejecting a bullet or missile smaller than three-eighths of an inch in diameter, with sufficient force to injure a person.

- g. "Firearm silencer" means any instrument, attachment, weapon or appliance for causing the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm to be silent, or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm.
- h. "Gravity knife" means any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force.
- i. "Machine gun" means any firearm, mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir, belt or other means of storing and carrying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism or instrument and fired therefrom.
- j. "Manufacturer" means any person who receives or obtains raw materials or parts and processes them into firearms or finished parts of firearms, except a person who exclusively processes grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms. The term does not include a person who repairs existing firearms or receives new and used raw materials or parts solely for the repair of existing firearms.
- k. "Handgun" means any pistol, revolver or other firearm originally designed or manufactured to be fired by the use of a single hand.
- 1. "Retail dealer" means any person including a gunsmith, except a manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who sells, transfers or assigns for a fee or profit any firearm or parts of firearms or ammunition which he has purchased or obtained with the intention, or for the purpose, of reselling or reassigning to persons who are reasonably understood to be the ultimate consumers, and includes any person who is engaged in the business of repairing firearms or who sells any firearm to satisfy a debt secured by the pledge of a firearm.
- m. "Rifle" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.
- n. "Shotgun" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shots or a single projectile for each pull of the trigger, or any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder which does not fire fixed ammunition.
- o. "Sawed-off shotgun" means any shotgun having a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or a rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or any

- firearm made from a rifle or a shotgun, whether by alteration, or 1 2 otherwise, if such firearm as modified has an overall length of less 3 than 26 inches.
 - p. "Switchblade knife" means any knife or similar device which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife.
 - "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the State Police.
- 9 r. "Weapon" means anything readily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury. The term includes, but is not 10 limited to, all (1) firearms, even though not loaded or lacking a clip 11 12 or other component to render them immediately operable; (2) 13 components which can be readily assembled into a weapon; (3) 14 gravity knives, switchblade knives, daggers, dirks, stilettos, or other 15 dangerous knives, billies, blackjacks, bludgeons, metal knuckles, 16 sandclubs, slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with 17 metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood; and (4) stun guns; 18 and any weapon or other device which projects, releases, or emits 19 tear gas or any other substance intended to produce temporary 20 physical discomfort or permanent injury through being vaporized or 21 otherwise dispensed in the air.
 - "Wholesale dealer" means any person, manufacturer, who sells, transfers, or assigns firearms, or parts of firearms, to persons who are reasonably understood not to be the ultimate consumers, and includes persons who receive finished parts of firearms and assemble them into completed or partially completed firearms, in furtherance of such purpose, except that it shall not include those persons dealing exclusively in grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms.
- 30 "Stun gun" means any weapon or other device which emits an electrical charge or current intended to temporarily or 31 32 permanently disable a person.
- u. "Ballistic knife" means any weapon or other device capable 34 of lethal use and which can propel a knife blade.
- 35 "Imitation firearm" means an object or device reasonably 36 capable of being mistaken for a firearm.
 - w. "Assault firearm" means:
- 38 (1) The following firearms:
- 39 Algimec AGM1 type

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- Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder such as the "Street 40 41 Sweeper" or "Striker 12"
- 42 Armalite AR-180 type
- 43 Australian Automatic Arms SAR
- 44 Avtomat Kalashnikov type semi-automatic firearms
- 45 Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semi-automatic firearms
- 46 Bushmaster Assault Rifle
- Calico M-900 Assault carbine and M-900 47
- CETME G3 48

- Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type 1
- 2 Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
- 3 Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
- 4 Demro TAC-1 carbine type
- 5 Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
- 6 FAMAS MAS223 types
- 7 FN-FAL, FN-LAR, or FN-FNC type semi-automatic firearms
- 8 Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
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- Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5, PSG-1 10
- Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semi-automatic firearms 11
- 12 M1 carbine type
- 13 M14S type
- 14 MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11-9mm carbine type firearms
- 15 PJK M-68 carbine type
- Plainfield Machine Company Carbine 16
- 17 Ruger K-Mini-14/5F and Mini-14/5RF
- 18 SIG AMT, SIG 550SP, SIG 551SP, SIG PE-57 types
- 19 SKS with detachable magazine type
- Spectre Auto carbine type 20
- Springfield Armory BM59 and SAR-48 type 21
- 22 Sterling MK-6, MK-7 and SAR types
- 23 Steyr A.U.G. semi-automatic firearms
- 24 USAS 12 semi-automatic type shotgun
- 25 Uzi type semi-automatic firearms
- 26 Valmet M62, M71S, M76, or M78 type semi-automatic firearms
- 27 Weaver Arm Nighthawk.
- 28 (2) Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is 29
- substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.
- 30 (3) A semi-automatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity exceeding six rounds, a pistol grip, or a folding stock. 31
- 32 (4) A semi-automatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity 33 exceeding 15 rounds.
- 34 (5) A part or combination of parts designed or intended to
- 35 convert a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of
- 36 parts from which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if
- 37 those parts are in the possession or under the control of the same
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- 39 x. "Semi-automatic" means a firearm which fires a single
- projectile for each single pull of the trigger and is self-reloading or 40
- 41 automatically chambers a round, cartridge, or bullet.
- 42 "Large capacity ammunition magazine" means a box, drum,
- 43 tube or other container which is capable of holding more than 15
- rounds of ammunition to be fed continuously and directly therefrom 44
- 45 into a semi-automatic firearm.
- 46 "Pistol grip" means a well-defined handle, similar to that
- found on a handgun, that protrudes conspicuously beneath the 47

action of the weapon, and which permits the shotgun to be held and fired with one hand.

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bill).

aa. "Antique handgun" means a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.

bb. "Trigger lock" means a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. It may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger.

cc. "Trigger locking device" means a device that, if installed on a firearm and secured by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or electromechanically operated combination lock, prevents the firearm from being discharged without first deactivating or removing the device by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or electromechanically operated combination lock.

dd. "Personalized handgun" means a handgun which incorporates within its design [, and as part of its original manufacture, technology which automatically limits its operational use and which cannot be readily deactivated, so that it may only be fired by an authorized or recognized user. The technology limiting the handgun's operational use may include, but not be limited to: radio frequency tagging, touch memory, remote control, fingerprint, magnetic encoding and other automatic user identification systems utilizing biometric, mechanical or electronic systems] a permanent programmable feature as part of its manufacture that cannot be deactivated and renders the personalized handgun reasonably resistant to being fired except when activated by the lawful owner or other user authorized by the lawful owner. No make or model of a handgun shall be deemed to be a "personalized handgun" unless the [Attorney General] State Personalized Handgun Authorization <u>Commission</u> has determined **[**, through testing or other reasonable means, that the handgun meets any reliability standards that the manufacturer may require for its commercially available handguns that are not personalized or, if the manufacturer has no such reliability standards, the <u>personalized</u> handgun meets the [reliability] standards [generally used in the industry for commercially available handguns <u>lestablished pursuant to section 3</u> of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this ee. "Authorized user" means the owner of a personalized handgun or a person to whom the owner has given consent to use the personalized handgun.

(cf: P.L.2002, c.130, s.5)**]**¹

- ¹6. N.J.S.2C:39-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-1. Definitions. The following definitions apply to this chapter and to chapter 58:
 - a. "Antique firearm" means any rifle or shotgun and "antique cannon" means a destructive device defined in paragraph (3) of subsection c. of this section, if the rifle, shotgun or destructive device, as the case may be, is incapable of being fired or discharged, or which does not fire fixed ammunition, regardless of date of manufacture, or was manufactured before 1898 for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available, and is possessed as a curiosity or ornament or for its historical significance or value.
 - b. "Deface" means to remove, deface, cover, alter or destroy the name of the maker, model designation, manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing identification mark or number on any firearm.
- c. "Destructive device" means any device, instrument or object designed to explode or produce uncontrolled combustion, including (1) any explosive or incendiary bomb, mine or grenade; (2) any rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces or any missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter of an ounce; (3) any weapon capable of firing a projectile of a caliber greater than 60 caliber, except a shotgun or shotgun ammunition generally recognized as suitable for sporting purposes; (4) any Molotov cocktail or other device consisting of a breakable container containing flammable liquid and having a wick or similar device capable of being ignited. The term does not include any device manufactured for the purpose of illumination, distress signaling, line-throwing, safety or similar purposes.
 - d. "Dispose of" means to give, give away, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, or otherwise transfer possession.
- e. "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture that is commonly used or is possessed for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustible materials or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion or by detonation of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects. The term shall not include small arms ammunition, or explosives in the form prescribed by the official United States Pharmacopoeia.

- f. "Firearm" means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon from which may be fired or ejected any solid projectable ball, slug, pellet, missile or bullet, or any gas, vapor or other noxious thing, by means of a cartridge or shell or by the action of an explosive or the igniting of flammable or explosive substances. It shall also include, without limitation, any firearm which is in the nature of an air gun, spring gun or pistol or other weapon of a similar nature in which the propelling force is a spring, elastic band, carbon dioxide, compressed or other gas or vapor, air or compressed air, or is ignited by compressed air, and ejecting a bullet or missile smaller than three-eighths of an inch in diameter, with sufficient force to injure a person.
 - g. "Firearm silencer" means any instrument, attachment, weapon or appliance for causing the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm to be silent, or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm.
 - h. "Gravity knife" means any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force.
 - i. "Machine gun" means any firearm, mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir, belt or other means of storing and carrying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism or instrument and fired therefrom. A machine gun also shall include, without limitation, any firearm with a trigger crank attached.
 - j. "Manufacturer" means any person who receives or obtains raw materials or parts and processes them into firearms or finished parts of firearms, except a person who exclusively processes grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms. The term does not include a person who repairs existing firearms or receives new and used raw materials or parts solely for the repair of existing firearms.
 - k. "Handgun" means any pistol, revolver or other firearm originally designed or manufactured to be fired by the use of a single hand.
 - 1. "Retail dealer" means any person including a gunsmith, except a manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who sells, transfers or assigns for a fee or profit any firearm or parts of firearms or ammunition which he has purchased or obtained with the intention, or for the purpose, of reselling or reassigning to persons who are reasonably understood to be the ultimate consumers, and includes any person who is engaged in the business of repairing firearms or who sells any firearm to satisfy a debt secured by the pledge of a firearm.
- m. "Rifle" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

n. "Shotgun" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shots or a single projectile for each pull of the trigger, or any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder which does not fire fixed ammunition.

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- o. "Sawed-off shotgun" means any shotgun having a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or a rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or any firearm made from a rifle or a shotgun, whether by alteration, or otherwise, if such firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.
- p. "Switchblade knife" means any knife or similar device which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife.
- q. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the State Police.
- r. "Weapon" means anything readily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury. The term includes, but is not limited to, all (1) firearms, even though not loaded or lacking a clip or other component to render them immediately operable; (2) components which can be readily assembled into a weapon; (3) gravity knives, switchblade knives, daggers, dirks, stilettos, or other dangerous knives, billies, blackjacks, bludgeons, metal knuckles, sandclubs, slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood; and (4) stun guns; and any weapon or other device which projects, releases, or emits tear gas or any other substance intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or permanent injury through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air.
- s. "Wholesale dealer" means any person, except a manufacturer, who sells, transfers, or assigns firearms, or parts of firearms, to persons who are reasonably understood not to be the ultimate consumers, and includes persons who receive finished parts of firearms and assemble them into completed or partially completed firearms, in furtherance of such purpose, except that it shall not include those persons dealing exclusively in grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms.
- t. "Stun gun" means any weapon or other device which emits an electrical charge or current intended to temporarily or permanently disable a person.
- u. "Ballistic knife" means any weapon or other device capable of lethal use and which can propel a knife blade.
- v. "Imitation firearm" means an object or device reasonably capable of being mistaken for a firearm.
 - w. "Assault firearm" means:
- 47 (1) The following firearms:
- 48 Algimec AGM1 type

1	Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder such as the "Street
2	Sweeper" or "Striker 12"
3	Armalite AR-180 type
4	Australian Automatic Arms SAR
5	Avtomat Kalashnikov type semi-automatic firearms
6	Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semi-automatic firearms
7	Bushmaster Assault Rifle
8	Calico M-900 Assault carbine and M-900
9	CETME G3
10	Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type
11	Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
12	Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
13	Demro TAC-1 carbine type
14	Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
15	FAMAS MAS223 types
16	FN-FAL, FN-LAR, or FN-FNC type semi-automatic
17	firearms
18	Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
19	G3SA type
20	Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5,
21	PSG-1
22	Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semi-automatic firearms
23	M1 carbine type
24	M14S type
25	MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11-9mm carbine type firearms
26	PJK M-68 carbine type
27	Plainfield Machine Company Carbine
28	Ruger K-Mini-14/5F and Mini-14/5RF
29	SIG AMT, SIG 550SP, SIG 551SP, SIG PE-57 types
30	SKS with detachable magazine type
31	Spectre Auto carbine type
32	Springfield Armory BM59 and SAR-48 type
33	Sterling MK-6, MK-7 and SAR types
34	Steyr A.U.G. semi-automatic firearms
35	USAS 12 semi-automatic type shotgun
36	Uzi type semi-automatic firearms
37	Valmet M62, M71S, M76, or M78 type semi-automatic
38	firearms
39	Weaver Arm Nighthawk.
40	(2) Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is
41	substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.
42	(3) A semi-automatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity
43	exceeding six rounds, a pistol grip, or a folding stock.
44	(4) A semi-automatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity
45	exceeding 10 rounds. "Assault firearm" shall not include a semi-
46	automatic rifle which has an attached tubular device and which is

capable of operating only with .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.

- 1 (5) A part or combination of parts designed or intended to 2 convert a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of 3 parts from which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if 4 those parts are in the possession or under the control of the same 5 person.
 - (6) A firearm with a bump stock attached.

- x. "Semi-automatic" means a firearm which fires a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger and is self-reloading or automatically chambers a round, cartridge, or bullet.
- y. "Large capacity ammunition magazine" means a box, drum, tube or other container which is capable of holding more than 10 rounds of ammunition to be fed continuously and directly therefrom into a semi-automatic firearm. The term shall not include an attached tubular device which is capable of holding only .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.
- z. "Pistol grip" means a well-defined handle, similar to that found on a handgun, that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon, and which permits the shotgun to be held and fired with one hand.
- aa. "Antique handgun" means a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.
- bb. "Trigger lock" means a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. It may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger.
- cc. "Trigger locking device" means a device that, if installed on a firearm and secured by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or electromechanically operated combination lock, prevents the firearm from being discharged without first deactivating or removing the device by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or electromechanically operated combination lock.
- dd. "Personalized handgun" means a handgun incorporates within its design [, and as part of its original manufacture, technology which automatically limits its operational use and which cannot be readily deactivated, so that it may only be fired by an authorized or recognized user. The technology limiting the handgun's operational use may include, but not be limited to: radio frequency tagging, touch memory, remote control, fingerprint, magnetic encoding and other automatic user identification systems

1 utilizing biometric, mechanical or electronic systems **1** a permanent 2 programmable feature as part of its manufacture that cannot be 3 deactivated and renders the personalized handgun reasonably 4 resistant to being fired except when activated by the lawful owner or other authorized user. No make or model of a handgun shall be 5 6 deemed to be a "personalized handgun" unless the [Attorney 7 General Personalized Handgun Authorization Commission 8 established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 9 before the Legislature as this bill has determined [, through testing or other reasonable means, that the handgun meets any reliability 10 11 standards that the manufacturer may require for its commercially 12 available handguns that are not personalized or, if the manufacturer 13 has no such reliability standards, **1** in accordance with section 2 of 14 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 15 that the personalized handgun meets the [reliability] performance 16 standards **[**generally used in the industry for commercially available handguns and qualifying criteria established pursuant to 17 18 section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 19

ee. "Bump stock" means any device or instrument for a firearm that increases the rate of fire achievable with the firearm by using energy from the recoil of the firearm to generate a reciprocating action that facilitates repeated activation of the trigger.

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- ff. "Trigger crank" means any device or instrument to be attached to a firearm that repeatedly activates the trigger of the firearm through the use of a lever or other part that is turned in a circular motion; provided, however, the term shall not include any weapon initially designed and manufactured to fire through the use of a crank or lever.
- 30 gg. "Armor piercing ammunition" means: (1) a projectile or 31 projectile core which may be used in a handgun and is constructed 32 entirely, excluding the presence of traces of other substances, from 33 one or a combination of tungsten alloys, steel, iron, brass, bronze, 34 beryllium copper, or depleted uranium; or (2) a full jacketed 35 projectile larger than .22 caliber designed and intended for use in a 36 handgun and whose jacket has a weight of more than 25 percent of 37 the total weight of the projectile. "Armor piercing ammunition" 38 shall not include shotgun shot required by federal or State 39 environmental or game regulations for hunting purposes, a frangible 40 projectile designed for target shooting, a projectile which the United 41 States Attorney General finds is primarily intended to be used for 42 sporting purposes, or any other projectile or projectile core which 43 the United States Attorney General finds is intended to be used for 44 industrial purposes, including a charge used in an oil gas well 45 perforating device.
- hh. "Covert firearm" means any firearm that is constructed in a shape or configuration such that it does not resemble a handgun,

rifle, shotgun, or machine gun including, but not limited to, a firearm that resembles a key-chain, pen, cigarette lighter, cigarette package, cellphone, smart phone, wallet, or cane.

- ii. "Undetectable firearm" means a firearm that: (1) after removal of all parts other than major components, is not as detectable as the Security Exemplar, by walk-through metal detectors calibrated and operated to detect the Security Exemplar; or (2) includes a major component which, if the firearm were subjected to inspection by the types of detection devices commonly used at airports for security screening, would not generate an image that accurately depicts the shape of the component. "Undetectable firearm" shall not be construed to include a firearm subject to the provisions of paragraphs (3) through (6) of subsection (p) of 18 U.S.C. s.922.
- jj. "Major component" means the slide or cylinder or the frame or receiver of a firearm and, in the case of a rifle or shotgun, also includes the barrel.
- kk. "Security Exemplar" means the Security Exemplar fabricated in accordance with subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subsection (p) of 18 U.S.C. s.922.
- 11. "Authorized user" means the lawful owner of a personalized handgun or a person to whom the owner has given consent to use the personalized handgun.
- 24 (cf: P.L.2018, c.138, s.1)

¹[8.] <u>7.</u> N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:

2C:58-2. a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare.

Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50 payable to the superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court in the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. The judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the applicant meets the standards and qualifications established by the superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issuance, and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified municipality.

In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5 for each employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom

said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.

No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an ineligible person.

All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions, for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice and hearing by the issuing court:

- (1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.
- (2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business premises where it can be easily read.
- (3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily seen from the outside.
- (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation require. The certification shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at any reasonable time.
 - (5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:
- (a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to purchase a firearm and at least seven days have elapsed since the date of application for the permit;
- (b) The person is personally known to the seller or presents evidence of his identity;
 - (c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped;
- (d) [Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (e) of this paragraph, the] The handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked case, gun box, container or other secure facility; provided, however, this provision shall not apply to antique handguns or personalized handguns included in the roster pursuant to section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The [exemption] exemptions afforded under this subparagraph for antique handguns and personalized handguns shall be narrowly construed, limited solely to the requirements set forth herein and

shall not be deemed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes; and

- (e) **[**On and after the first day of the sixth month following the date on which the list of personalized handguns is prepared and delivered pursuant to section 3 of P.L.2002, c.130 (C.2C:58-2.4), the handgun is identified as a personalized handgun and included on that list or is an antique handgun. The provisions of subparagraph (d) of this section shall not apply to the delivery of a personalized handgun. **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L. ,
- c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

- (6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold, given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record shall note whether a trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container or other secure facility was delivered along with the handgun.
- (7) A dealer shall not knowingly deliver more than one handgun to any person within any 30-day period. This limitation shall not apply to:
- (a) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance of their law enforcement duties;
- (b) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
- (c) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers, registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;
- (d) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange transaction to the superintendent; or
- (e) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).
- b. Records. Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the name, age, date of birth, complexion, occupation, residence and a physical description including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, of the purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home address of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of the transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, caliber and other marks of identification on such handgun and such other information as the superintendent

- shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter.

 The register shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement officer.
 - c. Forms of register. The superintendent shall prepare the form of the register as described in subsection b. of this section and furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to be engaged in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms.
 - d. Signatures in register. The purchaser, lessee or transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, as a witness to the signature. The signatures shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information contained in the register.
 - e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or county clerk. Within five days of the date of the sale, assignment or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the dealer therefor.

Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, within five days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser resides.

(cf: P.L.2009, c.186, s.1)

- ¹[9.] <u>8.</u> ¹ Section 8 of P.L.2002, c.130 (C.59:2-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. **[No]** The action or inaction by a public entity or public employee **[**in implementing the provisions of P.L.2002, c.130 (C.2C:58-2.2 et al.), including but not limited to the **]** when promulgating, amending or supplementing **[**of a**]** the **[**list**]** roster of personalized handguns that may be sold in this State **[**,**]** pursuant to P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill shall not constitute a representation, warranty or guarantee by any public entity or employee with regard to the safety, use or any other aspect or attribute of a personalized handgun.

[No] An action to recover damages shall <u>not</u> arise or [shall] be brought against any public entity or public employee for any action or inaction related to or in connection with [the implementation of any aspect of P.L.2002, c.130 (C.2C:58-2.2 et al.)] the roster of personalized handguns established pursuant to section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

S101 [1R]

1	(cf: P.L.2002, c.130, s.8)
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3	¹ [10.] <u>9.</u> The following sections are repealed:
4	Sections 1 through 4 of P.L.2002, c.130 (C.2C:58-2.2 through
5	(C.2C:58-2.5); and
6	Section 7 of P.L.2002, c.130 (C.2C:58-2.6).
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8	¹ [11.] <u>10.</u> This act shall take effect on the first day of the
9	seventh month following enactment, but the Attorney General and
10	Superintendent of State Police may take any anticipatory
11	administrative action in advance of that date as shall be necessary
12	for the implementation of this act.
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17	Establishes commission to approve personalized handguns;
18	requires firearm retailers to sell personalized handguns.

P.L. 2019, CHAPTER 167, *approved July 16*, *2019*Assembly, No. 3896

AN ACT concerning firearms and suicide prevention and supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health, shall establish a suicide prevention course curriculum and suicide prevention informational materials for firearm retail dealers who sell firearms or operate a firing range in this State.
- b. The Attorney General shall notify firearm retail dealers of the course curriculum established pursuant to subsection a. of this section and encourage their participation in a training course. The training course shall be made available by the Department of Law and Public Safety in a classroom setting or on an Internet website. The training course shall include:
- (1) methods to recognize signs of suicidal tendencies or characteristics in firearm purchasers or renters;
- (2) suicide intervention strategies to reduce the incidence of attempted and completed suicides among persons purchasing or renting a firearm; and
- (3) information regarding available community services and counseling programs developed to prevent suicide.
- c. The Attorney General shall distribute the suicide prevention informational materials established pursuant to subsection a. of this section to each firearm retail dealer who sells firearms or operates a firing range in this State. The informational materials shall advise customers on methods to prevent firearms from being accessible to a friend or family member in crisis. A firearm retail dealer who sells firearms or operates a firing range shall make available the informational materials at each retail purchase counter.

2. This act shall take effect on the first day of the seventh month next following enactment, except the Attorney General and Commissioner of Health may take any anticipatory administrative action in advance thereof as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

STATEMENT

This bill requires the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health, to establish a suicide prevention course

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curriculum and suicide prevention informational materials for firearm retail dealers who sell firearms or operate a firing range in this State. Under the bill, the Attorney General is required to notify firearm retail dealers of the course curriculum and encourage their participation in a training course. The training course would be made available by the Department of Law and Public Safety in a classroom setting or on an Internet website. The course would include information on methods to recognize signs of suicidal tendencies or characteristics in firearm purchasers or renters, suicide intervention strategies to reduce the incidence of attempted and completed suicides among customers, and information regarding available community services and counseling programs developed to prevent suicide.

In addition, the bill requires the Attorney General to distribute the suicide prevention materials to each firearm retail dealer who sells firearms or operates a firing range. The informational materials would advise customers on methods to prevent firearms from being accessible to a friend or family member in crisis. A firearm retail dealer who sells firearms or operates a firing range would be required to make the informational materials available at each retail purchase counter.

Requires AG and Commissioner of Health to establish suicide prevention training course and informational materials for firearm retail dealers.

P.L. 2019, CHAPTER 166, *approved July 16*, *2019*Assembly, No. 4449

1 AN ACT concerning firearms and amending N.J.S.2C:39-10.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.2C:39-10 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-10. Violation of the regulatory provisions relating to firearms; false representation in applications.
- a. (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) and paragraph (4) of this subsection, any person who knowingly violates the regulatory provisions relating to manufacturing or wholesaling of firearms N.J.S.2C:58-1, retailing of firearms N.J.S.2C:58-2, permits to purchase certain firearms N.J.S.2C:58-3, permits to carry certain firearms N.J.S.2C:58-4, licenses to procure machine guns or assault firearms N.J.S.2C:58-5, or incendiary or tracer ammunition N.J.S.2C:58-10, except acts which are punishable under section N.J.S.2C:58-5 or section N.J.S.2C:58-2, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
 - (2) A licensed dealer who knowingly violates the provisions of subparagraph (d) of paragraph (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 is a disorderly person.
 - (3) If, upon review, a law enforcement agency determines that a licensed dealer has sold, transferred, assigned, or otherwise disposed of an inordinate number of firearms and that licensed dealer knew, or should have known, that the firearms would be used in the commission of a crime or would be transferred to a person in order for the firearms to be used for an unlawful purpose, that dealer's license shall, after a hearing, be permanently revoked.
 - (4) A licensed dealer who sells or transfers a firearm to a person knowing that person intends to sell, transfer, assign, or otherwise dispose of that firearm to a person who is disqualified from possessing a firearm under State or federal law is guilty of a crime of the second degree. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the sentence imposed for a conviction under this subsection shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 18 months, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole; provided however, if the firearm was used in the commission of a crime, the sentence imposed under this subsection shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three years, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole. Further, a person convicted under this

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- subsection shall be permanently disqualified from holding a retail license under N.J.S.2C:58-2.
- 3 (5) A person who is disqualified from possessing a firearm
- 4 <u>under State or federal law who knowingly solicits, persuades,</u>
- 5 <u>encourages</u>, or entices a licensed dealer or other person to sell, give,
- 6 transfer, or assign a firearm to the disqualified person under
- 7 <u>circumstances which the disqualified person knows would violate</u>
- 8 State or federal law is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- 9 Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other law, a
- 10 <u>conviction under this subsection shall not merge with a conviction</u>
- 11 for any other criminal offense and the court shall impose separate
- 12 <u>sentences upon a violation of this subsection and any other criminal</u>
- 13 <u>offense.</u>

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- b. Any person who knowingly violates the regulatory provisions relating to notifying the authorities of possessing certain items of explosives N.J.S.2C:58-7, or of certain wounds N.J.S.2C:58-8 is a disorderly person.
- 18 Any person who gives or causes to be given any false 19 information, or signs a fictitious name or address, in applying for a 20 firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a 21 handgun, a permit to carry a handgun, a permit to possess a machine 22 gun, a permit to possess an assault firearm, or in completing the 23 certificate or any other instrument required by law in purchasing or 24 otherwise acquiring delivery of any rifle, shotgun, handgun, 25 machine gun, or assault firearm or any other firearm, is guilty of a 26 crime of the third degree.
 - d. Any person who gives or causes to be given any false information in registering an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) or in certifying that an assault firearm was rendered inoperable pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-13) commits a crime of the fourth degree.
 - e. Any person who knowingly sells, gives, transfers, assigns or otherwise disposes of a firearm to a person who is under the age of 18 years, except as permitted in section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1), is guilty of a crime of the second degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the sentence imposed for a conviction under this subsection shall include a mandatory minimum five-year term of imprisonment, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole.
 - f. Unless the recipient is authorized to possess the handgun in connection with the performance of official duties under the provisions of N.J.S.2C:39-6, any person who knowingly sells, gives, transfers, assigns or otherwise disposes of a handgun to a person who is under the age of 21 years, except as permitted in section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1), is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- g. Any person who knowingly gives or causes to be given any false information or knowingly engages in any other fraudulent

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1 conduct in applying for an exemption to purchase more than one 2 handgun in a 30-day period in violation of the provisions of section 3 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4) shall be guilty of a crime of the 4 third degree. The presumption of nonimprisonment set forth in 5 N.J.S.2C:44-1 shall not apply to persons convicted under the 6 provisions of this subsection. 7 (cf: P.L.2013, c.111, s.2) 8 9 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 10 11 12 **STATEMENT** 13 14 This bill prohibits a person who is disqualified from possessing a 15 firearm from knowingly soliciting, persuading, encouraging, or 16 enticing a licensed dealer or other person to sell, give, transfer, or 17 assign a firearm to the disqualified person under circumstances that would violate State or federal law. Under the bill, the disqualified 18 19 person would be guilty of a crime of the third degree, which is 20 punishable by a three-to-five year term of incarceration, a fine of up to \$15,000, or both. The penalty established by the bill would not 21 22 merge with any other penalty under current law. 23 24 25 26 27

Establishes crime of soliciting transfer of firearm by disqualified person.